LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION – **INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

THIRD SEMESTER – **NOVEMBER 2023**

PIR 3504 – LATIN AMERICA AND AFRICA IN THE WORLD POLITICS

Date: 07-11-2023 Dept. No. Max. : 100 Marks

Time: 01:00 PM - 04:00 PM

PART – A **(4x 10 = 40 Marks)**

Answer any Four of the following in 400-500 words each

1. Discuss the conflict between the Africans and the Portugese in 16th century East Africa.
2. Write on the strategic importance of Suez Canal and its impact on 19th century Egypt.
3. Discuss the role of Christopher Columbus and his voyages in the initial wave of exploration of the New World.
4. What are the three phases in the economic evolution of Colonial Brazil?
5. How did Spanish rule in the Americas create the class of Creoles in the 17th and 18th centuries?
6. Write short notes on the following leaders
   i) Kwame Nkrumah
   ii) Julius Nyere

PART – B **(3 x 20 = 60 Marks)**

Answer any Three of the following in 1200 to 1500 words each

7. a) Describe the significance of the circumnavigation of Africa and its historical impact. How does it lead to the settlement of Europeans in the southern part of Africa and eventual colonial rule?

   (or)

   b) Explain the role of the conquest of the Aztecs by Hernan Cortes. Discuss its salience in the creation of the viceroyalty of New Spain.
8. a) Discuss the political factors in Europe and its colonies that enabled Latin American independence movements. What are the issues of the post-independence period and its consequences?

   (or)

   b) Trace the historical role of the United States in the Latin American region since the Monroe Doctrine. How does the Spanish American War entrench American influence in the region?
9. a) Elucidate the unique evolution of Colonial Brazil and its path to independence in the 19th century. How does it differ from other Latin American countries?

   (or)

   b) Write about the historical evolution of the Apartheid regime in South Africa. Give a detailed account on the contributions of Nelson Mandela and African National Congress in ending Apartheid.

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